

American Robin (*Turdus migratorius*)

WINTER: Fairly Common to Very Common Resident. Abundant to Very Abundant in some years. See Remarks section for CBC data.

SUMMER: Abundant Resident. See Remarks section.

MIGRATION:

Spring: Very Common to Abundant Migrant from early February to early April.

Fall: Very Common to Abundant Migrant from mid-September to early November.

REMARKS:

Breeding Bird Survey (Koch and Hurley 1972): Beech Fork Lake, Wayne Co., WV (29 May 1969): 50 Stops, 25 Mile. Number of Stops Recorded: 9. Total Birds: 9.

Breeding Bird Survey (Koch 1974): McClintic WMA, Mason Co., WV (29 May 1971): 50 Stops, 12.25 Mile. Number of Stops Recorded: 5. Total Birds: 8.

Singing Male Census (Eddy 2003): Cabwaylingo State Forest, Wayne Co., WV (2002): Tick Ridge: dominant canopy: yellow poplar, black cherry, sugar maple (elevation, 350 m to 378 m): +.

Breeding Bird Survey (Bullard 2003): Cabwaylingo State Forest, Wayne Co., WV (2002): 135 Stops (7 surveys), 64 Mile. Number of Stops Recorded: 35. Total Birds: 63.

CHRISTMAS BIRD COUNT DATA

Huntington, WV (1940 to 2001): Recorded on 98% of Counts. Total Birds: 11,369. Range: 3 to 5,000.

Mason County, WV (1953 to 1976): Recorded on 94% of Counts. Total Birds: 108. Range: 1 to 38.

Ona, WV (1962 to 2001): Recorded on 100% of Counts. Total Birds: 3,331. Range: 1 to 1,060.

Huntington, WV (1940 to 2001): Number of Counts: 61. Birds/Party Hr.: 3.8. Party Hr./Bird: 0.3.

Mason County, WV (1953 to 2001): Number of Counts: 18. Birds/Party Hr.: <1.0. Party Hr./Bird: 3.3.

Ona, WV (1962 to 2001): Number of Counts: 40. Birds/Party Hr.: 1.8. Party Hr./Bird: 0.5.