Northern Cardinal  (Cardinalis cardinalis)

WINTER: Very Common to Abundant Resident. See Remarks section for CBC data.

SUMMER: Very Common to Abundant Resident. See Remarks section.

MIGRATION:

Spring: Very Common to Abundant Resident.

Fall: Very Common to Abundant Resident.

REMARKS:


Singing Male Census (Koch 1974): McClintic WMA, Mason Co., WV (1971): hardwood forest (elevation, 250 m to 259 m): 82 males/100 ha.; abandoned bottomland (elevation, 186 m): 33 males/100 ha.


Singing Male Census (Koch and Hurley 1972): Beech Fork Lake, Wayne Co., WV (1969): mature mesophytic forest (elevation, 198 m to 244 m): 25 males/100 ha.; second growth mixed hardwoods-pine woods (elevation, 236 m to 289 m): 41 males/100 ha.


Singing Male Census (Hall 1952): Cabwaylingo State Forest, Wayne Co., WV (1952): Tick Ridge: dominant canopy: 50% mixed oak (elevation, 335 m to 366 m): 16 males/100 ha.; Twelvepole Creek: dominant canopy: sycamore, river birch, black willow (elevation, 222 m at center line): 25 males/100 ha.


CHRISTMAS BIRD COUNT DATA

Huntington, WV (1940 to 2001): Recorded on 100% of Counts. Total Birds: 15,024. Range: 27 to 755.
Mason County, WV (1953 to 1976): Recorded on 100% of Counts. Total Birds: 2,869. Range: 25 to 446.
Ona, WV (1962 to 2001): Recorded on 100% of Counts. Total Birds: 9,398. Range: 46 to 1,057.

Ona, WV (1962 to 2001): Number of Counts: 40. Birds/Party Hr.: 5.2. Party Hr./Bird: 0.2.