

**Summer Tanager (*Piranga rubra*)**

**WINTER:** NO RECORDS.

**SUMMER:** Fairly Common Resident.

**MIGRATION:**

**Spring:** Uncommon to Fairly Common Migrant from late April to mid-May. Early dates, 19 April 2012 (MG); 20 April 1964 (WA) and 1989 (MG); 21 April 2008 (JN); 23 April 2001 (BD) and 2004 (JN); 24 April 1970 (HS) and 2000 (GR).

**Fall:** Uncommon to Fairly Common Migrant departing from late September to early October. Late dates, 02 November 1975 (HS); 19 October 1947 (Edeburn et al. 1960); 14 October 1973 (HS).

**REMARKS:**

Singing Male Census (Koch and Hurley 1972): Beech Fork Lake, Mason Co., WV (1969): mature mesophytic forest (elevation, 198 m to 244 m): 25 males/100 ha.; second growth mixed hardwoods-pine woods (elevation, 236 m to 289 m): 33 males/100 ha.

Breeding Bird Survey (Koch and Hurley 1972): Beech Fork Lake, Wayne Co., WV (29 May 1969): 50 Stops, 25 Mile. Number of Stops Recorded: 12. Total Birds: 13.

Singing Male Census (Koch 1974): McClintic WMA, Mason Co., WV (1971): hardwood forest (250 m to 259 m): 16 males/100 ha.

Singing Male Census (Hall 1952): Cabwaylingo State Forest, Wayne Co., WV (1952): Indian Trail: dominant canopy: yellow poplar, am. beech, sugar maple (elevation, 243 m to 259 m): 8 males/100 ha.; Tick Ridge: dominant canopy: 50% mixed oak (elevation, 335 m to 366 m): 33 males/100 ha.; Twelvepole Creek: dominant canopy: sycamore, river birch, black willow (elevation, 222 m at center line): +.

Singing Male Census (Eddy 2003): Cabwaylingo State Forest, Wayne Co., WV (2002): Tick Ridge: dominant canopy: yellow poplar, black cherry, sugar maple (elevation, 350 m to 378 m): +

Breeding Bird Survey (Bullard 2003): Cabwaylingo State Forest, Wayne Co., WV (2002): 135 Stops (7 surveys), 64 Mile. Number of Stops Recorded: 5. Total Birds: 6.